

Communication Strategies

Standardized Test Practice Questions – Chapter 7 & 8

Section 1: Vocabulary

1. This morning I went to the station in _____ because I got up late.
a. hurry b. haste c. rapid d. rush
2. The chimney is an _____ for smoke from the fireplace.
a. aim b. outlet c. impact d. opportunity
3. The chimney is an _____ for smoke from the fireplace.
a. exit b. outlet c. out d. inlet
4. A growing number of Americans love participating _____ extreme sports.
a. in b. on c. of d. for
5. Extreme sports is a big _____.
a. trip b. drink c. business d. life
6. The other day, a war broken out in the Middle East was featured on TV. Many _____ scenes shocked me.
a. vivid b. graphic c. fierce d. full
7. You'll make a mistake if you _____, so be careful.
a. rush b. hurried c. take d. make
8. This clothing store has a lot of retail _____.
a. serves b. shows c. outlets d. takes
9. Snowboarding is a very _____ sport.
a. breathtaking b. excited c. interested d. thorough
10. Psychologists point out that what extreme sports give you is improvement in your self-esteem and your _____.
a. sensation b. immortality c. confidence d. thrill
11. Like other extreme sports, rock climbing typifies the human quest to _____ nature, to overcome fear, to defy death.
a. preserve b. destroy c. conquer d. create
12. Advertisers have _____ extreme sports fans an important market.
a. bought b. found c. taken d. brought
13. The view from this room is so _____.
a. intermittent b. breathtaking c. graphic d. competitive
14. He had to _____ the paperwork by 5:00 to celebrate his son's birthday at home.
a. work b. rush c. postpone d. submit
15. Psychologists say extreme sports are good mental _____.
a. outlets b. workouts c. rushes d. experiments
16. The video _____ a humorous television ad for a soft drink called Mountain Dew.
a. makes b. presents c. impacts d. suggests
17. The people of the nation should _____ the despotic law.
a. agree with b. bring c. defy d. typify

18. Today, _____ extreme sports have fans everywhere, particularly among youth.
a. so-called b. that c. because d. while
19. A law was _____ to limit the number of immigrants.
a. played b. enjoyed c. enacted d. slept
20. I _____ him because I don't like such a mind.
a. defied b. confessed c. guessed d. wanted
21. In the United States, many Americans have been _____ of driving while intoxicated.
a. charged b. condemned c. committed d. convicted
22. Here, offenders do volunteer work _____ of going to prison.
a. out b. such c. instead d. right
23. John, who was convicted of murdering his wife, will _____ in a few days.
a. incarcerate b. be incarcerated c. to be incarcerated d. have incarceration
24. Three _____ escaped from the high-security prison .
a. offenses b. inmates c. DWIs d. conVICTs
25. The defendant _____ the murder charge.
a. pleaded guilty to b. kept pace with c. convicted d. was sentenced to
26. Taking examinations four times a year is _____ for all the students.
a. needs b. mandatory c. moment d. competitive
27. The judge _____ her to death.
a. enacted b. sentenced c. incarcerated d. charged
28. He committed an atrocious _____. So, he was sentenced to death.
a. offense b. prank c. lie d. trick
29. In the United States, prisons have not been _____ keep pace with the growing number of Americans being sent to jail.
a. unable b. able to c. going to d. have to
30. The criminal was _____ for the theft.
a. acquired b. incarcerated c. excited d. enacted

Instructions for the following question: Find the word which best fits into the three gaps below and then use the table to change the letters into numbers to get the answer.

Number	Letters
1	a, b, c, d, e, f, g
2	h, i, j, k, l, m
3	n, o, p, q, r, s
4	t, u, v, w, x, y, z

For example, the word *fish* would be changed into 1 for 'f', 2 for 'i', 3 for 's', and 2 for 'h'. Thus, the answer would be 1232.

31. For Bob kayaking o___s two important things: a sense of adventure and sense that he can control his fear.
Extreme sports o___ good physical workouts.
Extreme sports o___ good mental workouts.
a. o1421 b. o3321 c. o1113 d. o1212

Section 2: Conversation/Grammar

1. A: What brings you to struggle through such a raging river in a kayak?
B: Well, it's the sense of adventure, and, I think for me, ().
A: Hunnn... So you think there's a certain amount of fear and anxiety that comes with being on the water in a hazardous situation, and handling that fear is the object for you.
a. controlled fear b. being controlled by fear
c. has been controlled fear d. controlling fear
2. A: Why do millions of fans of extreme sports do the sports, even though they can be dangerous?
B: Because they want the () sensation that the sports give them.
A: Oh, I see.
a. thrilled b. thrill
c. thrilling d. thriller
3. A: Do you know when Extreme Sports, like skate boarding, snow boarding, BMX biking and kayaking became popular among people?
B: They have become popular since the late 1980s. It () for people's energy.
A: I think they want a thrilling sensation like adventure.
a. outlets b. is an outlet
c. has been outletting d. is outletting
4. A: Why are extreme sports so popular?
B: For one thing, they are drawing people () nature more than ever. Also they are a good mental workout.
A: Oh, really? Well, I want to try kayaking next weekend.
a. for b. into
c. through d. in
5. A: Aren't extreme sports dangerous?
B: These sports are relatively safe when () properly.
A: I see. Thank you.
a: do b: done
c: doing d: to do
6. A: Why do many people love extreme sports though they are such dangerous?
B: Because they are interested in overcoming fear. And to tell the truth, if people do them (), they are not dangerous.
A: Really? Then, I want to do them. What do you recommend?
a. badly b. for oneself
c. roughly d. adequately
7. Since the late 1980s, the popularity of activities like skateboarding, snowboarding, and BMX biking ().
a. explode b. exploded
c. has exploded d. had exploded
8. A: What benefit of extreme sports do psychologists point to?
B: They improve ().
A: Really? I didn't know that. OK, I see.
a. one's body b. one's muscle
c. one's self-esteem d. one's courage

9. A: What kind of sports are there in extreme sports?
 B: () For example, skateboarding, snowboarding, BMX biking, and so on.
 C: Do you do any extreme sports?
 a. It's easy. b. There are many.
 c. It's difficult. d. It's dangerous.
10. A: Are extreme sports ()?
 B: Yes and no. When done properly, they aren't so dangerous.
 a. in danger to take our lives b. in danger of killing our lives
 c. in danger on killing our lives d. in danger of taking our lives
11. A: How is the progress on the bill going?
 B: The bill is expected to be () during the present session.
 a. had b. evicted
 c. enacted d. elected
12. A: What happened to the criminal of this case?
 B: He () to ten years at hard labor.
 A: It is hard.
 a. is sentencing b. was sentenced
 c. has sentenced d. sentenced
13. A: I hear driving while intoxicated (DWI) is one of the commonest crimes in the U.S. And jails are so crowded.
 B: Yes, but that is an old problem. Now, () being sent to prisons, drunk-driving offenders must participate in a program of treatment, counseling, and education or volunteer for their community.
 a. to avoid b. in addition to
 c. after d. instead of
14. A: Driving while intoxicated is one of the most common American crimes and the offense is so frequent. What does it cause?
 B: American prisons don't have enough room for all Americans () to jail.
 A: Oh, that's a big problem. We have to seek alternatives to sending offenders to jail.
 a. sent b. sending
 c. send d. have sent
15. A: Why do millions of people do extreme sports?
 B: Because X-sports provide them the thrilling sensation. They enjoy the challenge () nature and overcoming their fears.
 A: Really? But the extreme sports are not really safe, aren't they?
 a. of conquering b. to conquering
 c. conquering d. which conquering
16. A: In the United States, inmates fill the prisons.
 B: Does it mean prisons can't keep pace () the increase of offenders?
 A: Yes. This is a serious problem.
 a. for b. to
 c. about d. with
17. A: Americans spend a lot of time () their cars, don't they?
 B: Yes. They also like drinking at parties.
 A: These two behaviors can make problem.
 a. about b. in
 c. of d. at

18. A: What is one of the problem of prisons in USA?
 B: Prison crowding. Judges have been forced to seek alternatives to () offenders to jail.
 A: Oh, that's a large problem.
 a. sending b. send
 c. receive d. receiving
19. A: Why does Judge Femia use the forms of alternative sentencing in his court?
 B: ().
 A: Oh! I hear that he sees reports every week about it.
 a. Because they need to save space and money in prison
 b. Because he knows prison crowding is a problem across America
 c. Because few officials agree with this type of sentencing
 d. Because there are so few successful examples of alternative sentencing
20. A: Do you know how many DMI offenders who participated in counseling and education repeat their crime ?
 B: I don't know. Please tell me the answer.
 A: OK. It is ().
 a. 30 percent b. 8 percent
 c. 80 percent d. all of these
21. A: What does Judge Femia's court use to solve prison crowding?
 B: It uses two forms. One is a program of treatment, counseling, and education. () is community service.
 A: They are good forms of alternative sentencing.
 a. another b. the other
 c. others d. the others
22. A: Why does Judge Femia support the idea of alternative sentencing?
 B: ().
 A: Oh, it is not just a problem in his area.
prison crowding is across America a problem
- | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------|
| | a. | b. | c. | d. |
| [2 nd word] | is | across | America | prison crowding |
| [4 th word] | America | is | across | a problem |
23. A: Tonight's party was very good!
 B: Yeah! Let's go home by my car.
 A: No, a stricter DWI law was () recently, so we should go by train.
 a. took b. determined
 c. enacted d. establishing
24. A: Don't do it!!
 B: Why?
 A: It's () in Japan.
 a. illegal b. enact
 c. sentence d. fine

25. A: Why do you support the idea of alternative sentencing?
B: Because I know that prison () is not just a problem in my area.
A: Oh, I see.
a. crowding b. crowded
c. crowd d. be crowded
26. Choose the definition that fits the mean of "offense".
a. relating to the legal punishment of criminals
b. a person who is guilty of a crime
c. an illegal action or a crime
d. a person who is taking part in an activity or event
27. A: What are some benefits of alternative sentencing?
B: Offenders often feel good () the community in this way, and community service also saves space and money in prison.
A: Oh I didn't know that. But this system sounds good.
a. about helping b. to help
c. helping d. for helping

Section 3: Chapter Content

1. Extreme sports is _____.
a. a serious problem after 2008 Summer Olympic
b. not popular all over the world
c. a particularly big business
d. dying out because of the risk
2. Psychologists think extreme sports is _____.
a. good for the mind and the body
b. dangerous even if done properly
c. quite safe without much attention
d. more harmful than any other sports
3. Millions of extreme sports participants enjoy _____.
a. the relationship among the fans
b. the unique fashion
c. a soft drink called Mountain Dew
d. the challenge of conquering nature and overcoming the fears
4. According to the textbook, what can we get through the extreme sports?
a. a thrilling feeling
b. confidence
c. both a & b
d. nothing except the risk of death
5. It is said that extreme sports have a good influence on us. For Bob Leavitt, what does kayaking offer to him?
a. It offers only a sense of adventure.
b. It offers only a sense that he can control his fear.
c. Kayaking provides both a sense of adventure and a sense that he can control his fear.
d. Not kayaking but rock climbing offers a happy sensation to him.

6. Extreme sports are _____.
 - a. safe
 - b. dangerous
 - c. none of the above
 - d. both of the above
7. Extreme sports may be risky, _____.
 - a. so only young fans join them
 - b. so few people join them
 - c. but a growing number of Americans love participating in them
 - d. but, when done properly, they are graphic
8. Which of the following is NOT a benefit of extreme sports?
 - a. good physical workouts
 - b. improving self-esteem
 - c. good mental workouts
 - d. improving self-conceit
9. Which of the following is NOT and extreme sport?
 - a. Rock climbing
 - b. Kayaking
 - c. Marathon
 - d. BMX biking
10. In this unit, psychologists think that extreme sports offer _____.
 - a. good physical workouts
 - b. good mental workouts
 - c. both a and b
 - d. neither a nor b
11. Some people like extreme sports _____.
 - a. because the athletes are on a diet
 - b. because they are convicted for health
 - c. because they can make others feel they are interesting
 - d. because of the feeling of adventure and power they get
12. In this unit's video, one old woman enjoyed extreme sports. She is eighty-six years old. What did she do?
 - a. skydiving
 - b. diving
 - c. bungee jumping
 - d. Actually, she didn't do any extreme sports.
13. X-sports are safe if we _____.
 - a. are young
 - b. enjoy them properly
 - c. don't feel any fear
 - d. don't want thrilling experiences
14. Psychologists say extreme sports
 - a. are big business
 - b. are the biggest thrill
 - c. make good mental workouts
 - d. give all the thrills you need without putting your lives in danger

15. The extreme sports began to be popular _____.
a. since the late 2000s.
b. since the late 1980s.
c. since the early 1980s.
d. since the early 1970s.
16. Bob Leavitt is _____.
a. a skydiver who is eighty-six years old
b. a kayaker who does his activities in the Potomac River
c. a psychologist who claims X-sports offer good physical workouts
d. one of them who went to emergency room at the last
17. Many people who enjoy extreme-sports play it in order to _____.
a. be loved by girls
b. overcome their fears and get the feeling of adventure and power
c. outlet their stresses and brag about their challenges
d. only ask the feeling sensation without thinking the fear of death
18. Some people like to play extreme sports in spite of their danger because _____.
a. they want to feel nature
b. they want to overcome their fears
c. they don't like normal sports
d. they want to hurt their bodies
19. _____ use extreme sports to advertise their products.
a. travelers
b. travel agencies
c. advertisers
d. the CIA and the FBI
20. Nelson Hoffman says that rock climbing gives him a sense of _____.
a. regret
b. mortality
c. fury
d. power and immortality
21. Who does kayaking?
a. Nelson Hoffman
b. Bob Leavitt
c. Psychologists
d. Ann O'Donnell
22. According to Bob Leavitt, two important thing kayaking offers are _____.
a. courage and bravery
b. spectacle and a sense of humor
c. a sense of adventure and a sense that he can control his fear
d. a sense of accomplishment and thrill
23. What is one of the commonest crimes in America?
a. It is DWI.
b. It is murder.
c. It is theft.
d. It is terrorism.

24. Why does the DWI offence happen so frequently in America?
- Because it depends on national characteristics.
 - Because Americans spend a great deal of time in their cars and enjoy parties with drinking.
 - Because the Americans like to communicate each other.
 - Because America is a big country.
25. What kind of volunteer work do offenders do in stead of going to prison in America?
- They serve in the army.
 - They grow vegetables in truck farms.
 - They never work as volunteer.
 - They clean YMCA buildings.
26. According to the passage in Chapter 8, what is a dangerous combination?
- driving and creating laws
 - drinking and taking a bath
 - driving a car and enjoying partying
 - driving a car and sleeping.
27. What plan does Judge Femia have to solve the problem of jail crowding?
- Reduce the number of prisons.
 - Community service and volunteer work.
 - Construct more and more prisons.
 - Excute prisoners.
28. In the United States of America, some of the courts order criminals to take part in volunteer work _____.
- so prisons have not been able to keep pace with the growing number of Americans being sent to jail
 - because they don't have enough money to pay them as a wage for their job in the prison
 - so more and more criminals are repeating their crimes
 - because prisons are so crowded that the judges have to punish criminals in a different way, other than sending them to prison
29. One form of alternative sentencing to solve the problem of American prison crowding is _____.
- to force drunk-driving offenders to participate in a program
 - to confiscate drunk-driving offenders' vehicles
 - to make offenders work for their community with pay
 - to scold offenders seriously then let them go
30. Judge Femia supports the idea of alternative sentencing because _____.
- he is a drunk-drivingr offender
 - prison crowding is a problem across America
 - a drinking problem is a great program
 - offenders want to do volunteer work
31. Prison crowding is _____.
- a problem across America
 - only a local problem
 - little and there are no problems
 - a world-wide problem

32. Two forms of alternative sentencing that Judge Femia's court uses is community service and _____.
- a. extreme sports to train physically and mentally
 - b. a camp to deprive offenders of alcohol and parties
 - c. a program of treatment, counseling, and education
 - d. granting of their driver's license for a year
33. In the United States, prisons have not been able to keep pace with _____.
- a. quick judgements
 - b. drunk drivers
 - c. the growing number of Americans being sent to jail
 - d. treatment programs
34. One form of alternative sentencing is to require drunk drivers to participate in a special program. A second form is _____.
- a. volunteer work
 - b. hard work
 - c. an evaluation meeting
 - d. none of the above
35. They say that DWI is one of the _____ American crimes.
- a. easiest
 - b. largest
 - c. most
 - d. commonest
36. which is not a part of DWI?
- a. drinking beer
 - b. taking illegal drugs
 - c. drinking wines
 - d. driving cars
37. What is driving while intoxicated?
- a. one of the most common American crimes
 - b. a house is far from another place
 - c. a defendant faces murder charge
 - d. a love of English
38. In Unit 8, what does "partying" indirectly mean?
- a. It means using a car in a dangerous condition.
 - b. It means negligently slaying some living thing.
 - c. It means only taking illegal drugs.
 - d. It means drinking liquor.
39. Why does Judge Femia support the idea of alternative sentencing?
- a. He doesn't like sending criminals to prison.
 - b. He knows that prison crowding is a problem across America.
 - c. Prison crowding is not a problem.
 - d. He doesn't see reports every week about crowded prisons.

Section 4: Short Listening

1. Some psychologists point to benefits of extreme sports. What do they give as an example?
 - a. Extreme sports make people immortal.
 - b. Extreme sports improve confidence.
 - c. Extreme sports offer controllable fear.
 - d. Extreme sports make people drink Mountain Dew.
2. Why is extreme sports a big business?
 - a. Because many people enjoy it.
 - b. Because people can conquer nature.
 - c. Because people can improve their self-esteem.
 - d. Because travel agents can plan trips for fans.
3. Extreme sports are relatively safe when done properly. But the finish line for some enthusiasts may be the emergency room. So, what some extreme sports fans might do instead?
 - a. They might give up doing extreme sports.
 - b. They might do more extreme sports.
 - c. They might watch extreme sports on television.
 - d. They might finish doing extreme sports.
4. Today, a growing number of American enjoy extreme sports. What have extreme sports changed about the people who participate in them?
 - a. Extreme sports has been drawing people into nature.
 - b. The number of people who want to stay home has been increasing.
 - c. People have come to know more about indoor sports.
 - d. More and more people have wanted to drink Mountain Dew.
5. Which of the following is not one of the human quests that Nelson Hoffman talks about?
 - a. To conquer nature
 - b. To overcome fear
 - c. To defy death
 - d. To eat good food
6. Recently extreme sports are popular, especially among youth. When did it start to become popular?
 - a. The late 1980s.
 - b. Two years ago.
 - c. The early 1850s.
 - d. It is four years.
7. Which of the following sports was not mentioned in the passage as an extreme sport
 - a. skateboarding
 - b. walking
 - c. snowboarding
 - d. BMX biking
8. Judge Femia's court uses two forms of alternative sentencing, and the program is successful. How many of its participants repeat their crimes?
 - a. He sees a report every week.
 - b. Only 8 percent of them.
 - c. It is a problem across America.
 - d. Community service.

9. In America, two crimes are considered to be a problem. One is taking illegal drugs. What is the other?
- Stealing other people's things.
 - Drunk driving.
 - Kidnapping a person.
 - Murder.
10. In the US, there are not enough rooms in prisons because the number of DWIs are increasing. What has been done about this problem?
- Judges sentence only to pay quite a heavy fine.
 - Convicts are deprived of their driver's license forever.
 - The government of some states started to spread trains instead of cars.
 - Judges are trying alternative sentencing.
11. Many Americans enjoy driving and partying. So some Americans are arrested. What is the most common American crime?
- Drinking beer, wine, cocktails in the car
 - Driving while intoxicated
 - Sending offenders to jail
 - Sleeping while intoxicated
12. In Unit 8, one successful program has a good effect on convicts. What is the good effect?
- To volunteer for old people.
 - To make school lunches.
 - To participate in a program of treatment, and so on.
 - To send convicts to prison.
13. Vincent Femia knows that prison crowding is not just a problem in his area. Do American prisons have enough room in jail?
- It's three years.
 - No, they don't have enough room.
 - Yes, they have.
 - It's impossible.

Answers

Section 1

1. b
2. b
3. b
4. a
5. c
6. b
7. a
8. c
9. a
10. c
11. c
12. b
13. b
14. d
15. b
16. b
17. c
18. a

19. c
20. a
21. d
22. c
23. b
24. b
25. a
26. b
27. b
28. a
29. b
30. b
31. c

Section 2

1. d
2. c
3. b
4. b
5. b

6. d
7. c
8. c
9. b
10. d
11. c
12. b
13. d
14. a
15. a
16. d
17. b
18. a
19. b
20. b
21. b
22. a, c
23. c
24. a

25. a
26. c
27. a

Section 3

1. c
2. a
3. d
4. c
5. c
6. d
7. c
8. d
9. c
10. c
11. d
12. a
13. b
14. c
15. b

16. b
17. b
18. b
19. c
20. d
21. b
22. c
23. a
24. b
25. d
26. c
27. b
28. d
29. a
30. b
31. a
32. c
33. c
34. a

35. d
36. b
37. a
38. d
39. b

Section 4

1. b
2. d
3. c
4. a
5. d
6. a
7. b
8. b
9. b
10. d
11. b
12. c
13. b